# **PRIOR AUTHORIZATION POLICY**

**POLICY:** Topical Acyclovir Products Prior Authorization Policy

- Zovirax® (acyclovir 5% cream –Bausch Health, generic)
- Zovirax<sup>®</sup> (acyclovir 5% ointment Bausch Health, generic)

**REVIEW DATE:** 07/31/2024

#### **OVERVIEW**

Acyclovir 5% cream (Zovirax, generic) is indicated for the treatment of **recurrent herpes labialis** (**cold sores**) in immunocompetent patients  $\geq 12$  years of age.<sup>1</sup>

Acyclovir 5% ointment (Zovirax, generics) is indicated for the following uses:<sup>2</sup>

- **Genital herpes**, initial treatment.
- Limited non-life-threatening mucocutaneous herpes simplex virus infections, in immunocompromised patients.

#### POLICY STATEMENT

Prior Authorization is recommended for prescription benefit coverage of topical acyclovir products. All approvals are provided for the duration noted below.

Automation: None.

## RECOMMENDED AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA

**I.** Coverage of <u>acyclovir 5% cream (Zovirax 5% cream, generic)</u> is recommended in those who meet the following criteria:

## **FDA-Approved Indication**

- **1. Herpes Labialis (Cold Sores).** Approve for 1 year if the patient meets BOTH of the following (A <u>and</u> B):
  - A) Patient is  $\geq 12$  years of age; AND
  - **B)** Patient is immunocompetent.
- **II.** Coverage of <u>acyclovir 5% ointment (Zovirax 5% ointment, generic)</u> is recommended in those who meet one of the following criteria:

## **FDA-Approved Indications**

- **1. Genital Herpes.** Approve for 1 year if the patient meets ONE of the following (A  $\underline{\text{or}}$  B):
  - A) Generic acyclovir 5% ointment is requested; OR
  - **B**) Patient meets BOTH of the following (i and ii):
    - i. Patient has tried generic acyclovir 5% ointment; AND
    - **ii.** Patient cannot use the generic product due to a formulation difference in the inactive ingredient(s) [e.g., difference in buffers, emollients, emulsifiers, preservatives, surfactants]

between the brand and the bioequivalent generic product which, per the prescriber, would result in a significant allergy or serious adverse reaction.

- **2. Limited Non-Life-Threatening Mucocutaneous Herpes Simplex Virus Infections.** Approve for 1 year if the patient meets BOTH of the following (A and B):
  - A) Patient is immunocompromised; AND
  - **B**) Patient meets ONE of the following (i or ii):
    - i. Generic acyclovir 5% ointment is requested; OR
    - ii. Patient meets BOTH of the following (a and b):
      - a) Patient has tried generic acyclovir 5% ointment; AND
      - **b)** Patient cannot use the generic product due to a formulation difference in the inactive ingredient(s) [e.g., difference in buffers, emollients, emulsifiers, preservatives, surfactants] between the brand and the bioequivalent generic product which, per the prescriber, would result in a significant allergy or serious adverse reaction.

## CONDITIONS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL

Coverage of topical acyclovir products are not recommended in the following situation:

- 1. Shingles (Herpes Zoster). Shingles is a viral infection caused by the varicella zoster virus, the same virus that causes chickenpox.<sup>3</sup> The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention cite the use of oral antivirals (acyclovir capsules/tablets/suspension, famciclovir tablets, and valacyclovir caplets) for the treatment of shingles. Oral antivirals speed healing and reduce the risk of complications. Topical antivirals are <u>not</u> noted as treatment options for shingles.
- **2.** Coverage is not recommended for circumstances not listed in the Recommended Authorization Criteria. Criteria will be updated as new published data are available.

## REFERENCES

- 1. Zovirax® cream [prescribing information]. Bridgewater, NJ: Bausch Health; February 2021.
- 2. Zovirax® ointment [prescribing information]. Bridgewater, NJ: Bausch Health; October 2020.
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Shingles. Available at: <a href="https://www.cdc.gov/shingles/about/treatment.html">https://www.cdc.gov/shingles/about/treatment.html</a>. Updated May 2023. Accessed on July 25, 2024.